



STREET IN CAVITE, SHOWING GENERAL AGUINALDO'S HEADQUARTERS.

## THE WILY AGUINALDO AND HIS FIERCE FILIPINOS

The latest from Manila is that Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has issued a memorial addressed to all the foreign Powers reciting the fact that the Filipinos have formed a Government under the Constitution adopted on June 23. He adds that "the Filipino forces



A TYPICAL PHILIPPINE INSURGENT.

have since carried on a campaign of liberty, taken forty provinces, and have reduced Manila. They have 9000 prisoners."

Peace and tranquillity prevail in the conquered provinces, and there is no resistance to Aguinaldo's authority. The campaign, the memorial says, was conducted with due regard to the rules of civilized warfare.

He asks for the recognition of the independence of the Philippine Republic, or, failing in that, to grant the Filipinos belligerent rights. The United States are not mentioned in the memorial.

Senor Don Emilio Aguinaldo y Famy—there was a time not long ago when he left off both the front and rear ends of that name—is a very clever young man. He has read the story of a young man from Corsica, who made considerable history at the other end of the century. Far be it from any carping critic to suggest that he endeavors to

are young; that is the result of the conditions which make the background of the revolutions, which make, in fact, the leaders themselves.

In the days when young Aguinaldo was neither Senator nor Don, but just plain Emilio, he was servant boy for a Jesuit priest, and there lay the beginnings of his fortune. For this Jesuit, true to the traditions and teachings of his order, gave the boy the foundation of the education which by its development has given him the mastery over his people. The native wit got the tools with which to work, and boundless ambition drove it on until achievement is assuming proportions beyond the wildest dream of boyhood servant days. He left the priest and studied medicine. He went to Hong Kong and saw something of other peoples and of other intellects than degenerate Spanish or undeveloped Filipino.

In this growth to manhood and this struggle for education young Aguinaldo found personal experience of the amazing blindness of the masters of the islands. The rule of the Spanish in the Philippines is almost beyond belief. Nevertheless, the testimony is convincing. The nation which deliberately does all in its power to retard the progress of learning, to prevent the education of its people, has small claim to civilization. In these islands it was practically a crime for a Filipino to achieve any education. If he came to the notice of the authorities it was more than probable that, if he were not disposed of more effectively, he would be exiled. Aguinaldo suffered this punishment for his ambition, and now he is taking revenge. His friends, his relatives, suffered similarly, and now strive with him for vengeance on the Spaniard.

The Filipinos are stoical in endurance, one benefit of three centuries of



COMPARATIVE SIZES OF AMERICAN SOLDIER AND PHILIPPINE INSURGENT.

Spanish oppression and misrule. They can endure and be still, endure physical pain and suffering, with the outward indifference of a red Indian. They have the patience of Pambe Serang, limitless courage of the fighting sort, and ambition, in the case of their leaders, that knows neither metes nor

dignity of position. The people are simple, open-hearted, hospitable, with an unshaken faith in the wisdom, the ability and the truth of their leaders. Especially is this true of Aguinaldo. By whatever means he acquired his hold on the Filipinos, his word now is law with them.

Personally, says the Manila correspondent of the New York Sun, I believe him to be only a great adventurer, like that man at the other end of the century whom he imitates in his small way. His ambition is as boundless as Napoleon's, but he has less with which to work. His courage is limitless, and is of the dashing type which has given him the ascendancy over his people which he now holds. The humblest peasant speaks of Don Emilio as a "terrible fighter." He has surrounded himself with brave, clever men, most of whom are apparently thoroughly patriotic. They are devoted entirely to Aguinaldo because they believe that that way lies the best chance of success, but they are not blind to his ambition or to his schemes. The loot of a splendid city like Manila would be a tremendous thing for Aguinaldo.

## CANADA'S NEW RULERS.

The Appointment of the Earl and Countess of Minto Hailed With Satisfaction.

The appointment of the Earl of Minto as Governor-General to succeed the Earl of Aberdeen is hailed with satisfaction throughout Canada. It



THE EARL AND COUNTESS OF MINTO.

is generally believed that no more fitting appointment could have been made by the home Government. Lord Minto will not assume his official duties under the disadvantage of being a stranger, for he is widely known throughout the provinces. It might be truthfully said that he is already a popular man, and is sure to fall heir to the general good with which all Canadians feel for the Earl of Aberdeen.

The arrival of the Earl and his charming wife, the Countess of Minto, is sure to strengthen the regard now entertained for them. They will be the handsomest couple ever occupying Rideau Hall, the Dominion palace at Ottawa, and fully capable of maintain-



WOMEN IN A NEW FIELD—CHILLICOTHE'S STREET-CAR CONDUCTORS.

ing the social prestige of their high position.

The new Governor-General's full name is Gilbert John Elliot-Murray Kynynmound-Elliott, and he is the fourth Earl of Minto. He was born in 1845, and succeeded his father as fourth Earl in 1891. He was formerly a lieutenant in the Scots Guards, was attached to the Turkish army in the Russo-Turkish war in 1877, serving in Afghanistan in 1879, was a volunteer in the Egyptian campaign in 1882, and commanded the South of Scotland Volunteers, with the rank of colonel. He took an active part in the Canadian rebellion in 1885, when he was Military Secretary to the Governor-General of Canada. This position he held from 1883 to 1886. In 1883 the Earl married Mary Caroline, daughter of General the Hon. Charles Grey. In politics he is a Liberal.

## Betrayed by a Clock.

The forester who permitted two photographers to enter the death chamber shortly after Prince Bismarck's death was instantly discharged, without pension. His indiscretion and that of the two photographers was betrayed by the late Prince's clock, which figured in the photograph, and pointed at 2.15. The culprits had effected an entrance into the death chamber through the window opening out upon the park, and Prince Herbert Bismarck has instituted proceedings against them for the criminal offense of "disturbing family peace."—Liverpool Post.

## WOMEN STREET-CAR CONDUCTORS.

Their Employment in Railway Service Extending in This Country.

Women are a success as street-car conductors in Chillicothe, Ohio. Since they were engaged one month ago by the Electric Street Railway Company the receipts of the corporation have increased thirty per cent. The women were employed originally as a measure of economy. It was found that the system of having every person put his own fare in the box resulted in the missing of a great many fares. On the other hand, it would cost too much to hire two men for each car. It was then that the superintendent hit upon the idea of employing women as conductors, to whom only half as much was paid as would have been paid to men. The girls are good looking and members of eminently respectable families. They are paid \$4 per week, and enjoy their work, while the superintendent says that they do it well.

Lately a sort of epidemic for employing women in the transportation service of the country has broken out. It's not a local epidemic, so it's going to be difficult to quarantine it, though many of the trades unionists have been trying their best to stamp it out. There's not likely to be more successful than usual, however.

The epidemic seems to have started last winter at Middletown, Conn., where a woman got employment as a motorman on a street car. The notoriety the line got as a result was discouraging, so the pioneer was discharged, but the notion that women would make first-class conductors if not grip manipulators in small towns struck more than one street railroad manager.

Out in Vincennes, Ind., a month or so ago the local street railway company, in a fit of economy, decided to discharge its men conductors and employ women. Fifty women applied for the job and five were put to work at \$5 a week.

The superintendent of the Electric Railway, Light and Power Company, of Chillicothe, W. J. Myers, has written an optimistic letter to the Electrical Engineer on the subject:

"We could not afford to employ men, and we could not see why women would not make as good conductors as men. We keep them on duty ten hours a day and pay them \$1 per week, and they are proving themselves in every way competent and efficient. We are very particular in selecting them, and had no trouble in getting good applications and a great

## A RELIEF.

I've learnt a lot o' Spanish words, I've got so I kin tell 'Bout 'ultimatums,' 'protocols' An' 'armistices,' as well. But joyously I halt the time When I kin rest my brain By askin' 'How's the price o' wheat?' An' 'What's the chance o' rain?'

Old friends is best. These recent themes Were dazlin', it is true. The clash of steel—the roar of guns— They thrilled us through an' through. But swords may turn to plowshares now In comfort, once again, We'll query, 'How's the price o' wheat?' An' 'What's the chance o' rain?'

—Washington Star.

## PITH AND POINT.

"I can assure you that I am a bachelor from choice." "So I suppose; but whose choice?"—Standard.

"Wonderful about that spinster 101 years old?" "Yes; I suppose she is really about 117."—Detroit Free Press.

"See that little man with the gray whiskers? He is a war inventor." "Guns or torpedoes?" "Neither. Stories."—Indianapolis Journal.

Tom—"How did you come to get discharged after growing bald in his service?" Dick—"The boss manufactures a hair-restorer."—Judge.

He—"And what do you think of the engagement ring I sent you?" She—"Oh, it's just splendid. I never had such a fine one before."—Tit-Bits.

"Did you go for a ride on your wheel yesterday?" "Well, it was a ride when I started, but it turned into a walk before I got back."—Truth.

She—"They tell me, professor, that you have mastered all the modern tongues." He—"All but two—my wife's and her mother's."—Standard.

She—"And did you think of me while in camp, dear?" He—"Oh, yes; I thought of you every time I fell out of my hammock."—Yonkers Statesman.

People should occasionally have company at their houses to find out how amiable and agreeable the other members of the family can be.—Athenian Globe.

Head Bookkeeper—"The old man is talking of taking me into partnership." His Wife—"You'd better put the property in my name first."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"I've been watchin' this chimney for more'n an hour," said Davie disgustedly, "I see it carry th' smoke off, like pop said it would, an' it hasn't moved!"—Judge.

Mrs. Flint—"No, I make it a rule never to give away anything at the door." Soiled Spooner—"Well, den, maddim, I don't object to havin' de presentation made in de parlor."—Puck.

"Who was it said, 'All the world loves a lover?'" "I dunno. Some idiot who never lived next door to where there was an eighteen-year-old girl with a steady fellow. I guess."—Cleveland Leader.

"The trouble with you is that you have been eating and drinking too much and haven't taken enough exercise. What have you been doing lately?" "I've just come home from Porto Rico on sick leave."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Wife—"Do you think there is a man who could conscientiously say to his wife: 'You are the only woman I ever loved?'" Hubby—"Only one that I can think of." Wife—"Who? You, dearest?" Hubby—"Oh, no; Adam."—Boston Traveler.

A recruit, wishing to evade service, was brought up for medical inspection, and the doctor asked him: "Have you any defects?" "Yes, sir; I am short-sighted." "How can you prove it?" "Easily enough, doctor. Do you see that nail up yonder in the wall?" "Yes." "Well, I don't."—Tit-Bits.

Great Picture Buyer (to hostess)—"What do you think of an artist who painted cobwebs on the ceiling so truthfully that the servant wore herself into an attack of nervous prostration trying to sweep them down?" Hostess (a woman of experience)—"There may have been such an artist, but there never was such a servant."—Standard.

## The Procrastinating Spaniards.

The proneness of the Spaniard to procrastination is proverbial, but the Spaniard in Spain is a model of alertness when compared with his West Indian descendant, who has grown up under the languor-inducing rays of the tropical sun. Even the word "manana," such a favorite with his ancestors, has dropped into disfavor with the Porto Rican as conveying the idea of an entirely uncalled-for degree of punctuality. But the advent of the Yankee has changed all this. Already the sleepy inhabitants have caught, in some degree, the spirit of that tireless energy which has come to be regarded as among the most prominent traits of the American people. It is, no doubt, a little too early to prophesy that our new citizens will ever become "hustlers" in the full sense of the term; but it is nevertheless true that they are now receiving an object lesson, and it is easy to see that they are profiting therefrom.—New York Sun.

Ostrich taming is a very profitable industry in America; here it is computed there are over 150,000 tame birds.



OUTER TRENCH OF THE INSURGENTS BEFORE MALATE.

imitate that master of artillery. But there are certain marked traits which the two men have in common, even to the desire to wear gold collars. They say he is twenty-seven years old, and he looks it. It is a noticeable fact that all the leaders of the Filipinos

bounds. In manners they are polite and agreeable, and intercourse with European civilization has given some of their leaders a distinguishing polish. They affect the hauteur and the reserve of their old Spanish rulers, and thereby attach to themselves the